

SOME RARY JEWFLS TROM GITA OR

PRACTICAL REPLECTIONS

on

A STRUGGIT FOR HIGHER LITE

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PRACTICAL GITA

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पत्र पुष्प फर्छ तोय यो से सक्त्या प्रयच्छति। तदह भक्त्युपहृतमश्रामि प्रयतात्मनः॥

Discourse 9th, verse 26th

He who offereth to me with devotion a leaf, a flower, a fruit, water, that I accept from the striving self, offered as it is with devotion"

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DEDICATED

TO

LORD SRI KRISHNA

AS THE

Most Humble Offering

OF

DEVOTION.

PREFACE

This small treatise is the fruit of my morning meditations in which I used to reflect regularly for a quarter of an hour each day on the common points of difficulty encountered on the spiritual path in actual life as seen in the light of Sri Krishna's teachings in the song celestial.

I have tried to put together in these pages the practical thoughts and psychological observations as they struck me at the moment of inspiration and I believe they would prove to be of some real use and help to those who are struggling to lead a higher life and wish earnestly to quicken their evolution

I am greatly indebted to Mrs Besant's English Translation of the verses of the Bhagwat Gita, which I have freely made use of for quotations in the exposition of my reflections in the body of the book

I am equally bound in gratitude to His Holiness R. S. Narayana Swami, the chief disciple of late Swami Rama Tiratha, MA, who helped me heartily in getting the manuscripts quickly through the press.

Further I would feel highly obliged to those of my readers who would take the trouble to communicate to me any corrections or suggestions for the improvement of this book for its second edition, which I hope shall follow soon, if the first edition, my maiden effort, is appreciated by the public and sold out quickly.

In the end, I would indeedfeel truly happy and highly rewarded for all my humble efforts to lay down the few practical lints for higher life. if these reflections really prove of some help to guide some seeking souls a few steps onwards on the path of spiritual life and bring them a little nearer to the lotus feet of Lord Sri Krishna to whom is this book humbly dedicated.

> Aum! Hari! Aum! Narayana Swaroop, B.A., LT., F.T.S.

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The Lord's

THE sacred song sung by Lord Sir Krishna at the

moment of the intense activity of warfare, which made the dark doubts of Arjuna to dispel, and his weak, wandering mind to change from a depressed, despondent mood into a hopeful, concentrated, and resolute attitude, was not only for the ages by gone but has been at all times

since then and is even to-day a sootling solace of the wide world that is involved in its thousand and one miseries and despairs of daily life

It is still to be heard by each individual in the innermost iecesses of his heart, even in the midst of the clash of outer life against the worldly obstacles, shocks, and disappointments, just when in its recoil and reaction the mind turns inwaids, though only for a moment, to cast a reflecting glance upon its experiences of life and to listen to the wondrous, soft, and sweet music of the soul

To those who have had the fortune to pass through the fire and furnance of pain and misfortune in a struggle toi higher life, to those who have to the Lord made an humble offering of every action without seeking name, fame, neward or fruit, to those who have in His name sacrificed their very life for the service of man, to those earnest seekers who have thus

purified and tuned the tender chords of their soul to the higher vibrations, Sri Krishna's flute is ever singing out sweet melodies of eternal truth and law and sending forth inspiring messages of love, harmony and peaceful bliss.

It is only when in the simple acts of self-denial and sacrifice for love, the God within meets the God without and shutting out the din and noise of the world allows the concentrated

mmd to catch the gentle but subtle vibrations of the eternal song playing on the musing -oul that the first aspect of the Divine Law Strikes home, the philosophical idea, which is felt and realized for the first time in all its force of truth and beauty of conviction that there is but One Life Universal infusing all and trying to mamfest itself through the infinity of forms. The deeper and wider the sphere of love for others, the closer and nearer the approach to God, who is nothing else but Universal Love, pure and absolute

(Discourse 11th, Verses, 58 to 55.)

"Not can I be seen as thou hast seen Me by the Vedas, nor by austerities, nor by alms, or by offerings,"

"But by devotion to Me alone I may thus be perceived, Aijuna, and known and seen in essence, and entered, O Parantapa"

"He who doeth actions for me, whose supreme good I am, My devotee freed from attachment, without hatred of any being, he cometh unto me O Pandaya"

Tlus is 'Bhaktı Anantam' (endless love and devotion), or the Bhakti Maiga, of Gita, the PATH OF DEVOTION—beginning from the mutual dealings in the world, fostering into acts of self-sacrifice and ending ın Love Divine Karınd leadmg to Bhaktı

Again, it is only when in the simple relations

Karmy of the world,

the mother for her dear child,

the lover for his heart's belowthe lover for his heart's belowed, the benefactor for his loving

loving service rendered to others. The greater the intensity and earnestness of selfless work done to serve and lift up humanity, the happier and closer the proximity to God, who is nothing else but All Sacrifice, pure and absolute (Discourse ord, verses, 16, 22 and 19)

"Know thou that from Brahma act ion groweth, and Brahma from the Imperishable cometh. Therefore the Eternal, the all permeating, is ever present in sacrific."

"There is nothing in the three worlds, O Partha, that should be done by Me.

nor anything unattained, yet I mingle in action "

'Therefore, without attachment, constantly perform action which is duty or, by performing action without attachment, man verily reacheth the supreme"

This is 'Kaima Nishkama' (work for work's sake, or work its own reward), the 'Karma Marga of Gita, the Path of Action—beginning from the exercise of emotions, growing into feelings of unselfish love, and ending in Service Divinc. Blakti leading to Kaima.

Finally, it is only when, in the simple pheno Gyana mena of constant change and storm in the sea of matter, the tides of foitune, power and wealth rise and fall and wreck the most beautiful and beloved objects even before they are enjoyed, the waves of opposing moods of passion and pride, pleasure and pain, love and hatred, follow one over the other and break against the most peaceful mind, reducing it to a helpless

mity of thought that all matter is Mara, changing and illusory and is not worth the seeking however attractive, and that the spirit is the only Reality, permanent and eternal, which is worth all the trouble to know and realize

The keener the discrimination and the more home-driven the feeling of the real and the unreal, the lasting and the fleeting, the permanent and the changing, the life and the form, or the spirit and the matter; the "When the Wisdom light streameth forth from all the gates of the body, then it may be known that Harmony is increasing"

'Having taken refuge in this Wisdom and being assimilated to My own nature they are not reborn even in the emanation of a universe, nor are disquieted in the dissolution"

This is ('Gyan Paimarthic') (Divine Wisdom), the 'Gyan Marga' of Gita, the Path of Wisdom beginning from the experiences of change in everything, developing into the dis-

while Gyan or wisdom points out and teaches what kind of Karma is worth the doing, purifies and makes it more spiritual and unselfish

Finally, Gyan or wisdom leads to true Bhakti, the love universal for the all pervading Derty, for the spirit as seen everywhere in Matter, while Bhakti or love devotional purifies wisdom or experienced intellect and makes it more sublime and uplifting.

It is evident, therefore, that the three paths as pointed out

kinds of temperaments, the emotional, the motor, and the mental to their respective paths that are adapted well to their particular needs. As are the three paths never wholly unmixed, just so are the three temperaments never simple and pure but coloured more or less with each other's elements. It is the particular quality of a special characteristic showing in prominence or standing out in relief that marks an individual temperament which

attracted to its corresponding jewel, mentioned before, to determine for itself a course most suitable to its own line of evolution.

But the differences that mark out the various paths are merely external and exist only in the initial stages where they prove useful indeed to the novice who has not yet learnt the wider adaptability and who is still far off from the truth These seeming differences sink down as the paths approach nearer and nearer to their common goal, the universal ideal, the same converging point, the knowledge of self or self realization

The three qualities devotion, action, and wisdom help each other to grow finer and finer as they use into subtler and freer regions on the path of progress, till they finally reach the very pinnacle of glory and splendour, where they are entirely undistinguishable one from the other in the

absoluteness of their purity, and merge along with the seeker into the one common truth

(Discourse 4th, verse II)

"However men approach Me, even so do I welcome them for the oath men take from every side is Mine, O Partha"

Thus can the three paths to

union be recon

Yoga. the
Royal Road

ciled to each
other and be really
unified in the one Path or

Yoga, the one Royal Road
of which the three paths are

merely the three separate aspects of the same

Yoga tolerates all the paths. takes the help of all, sifts out what is best in each and blends in due proportion the three clements of love, action, and wisdom into a harmonious whole making its own course the easiest, the quickest, the most attractive and beautiful, and therefore the best of the paths to lead on atonce to the treble aspect of the Deity, the aspect of Sat-Chit-Anand, Lite, Light,

even the wise the jogi is greater than the men of action, therefore become than a Yaqi, O Arjuna '

If then you have listened to the three fold path as sung and pointed out by Lord Sri Krishna Himself in IIIs Song celestial and if your heart yearns for comething higher, something smritual, something which you feel you must have but cannot find in the illusory worldly obpects, then seek the Path of Yoga and a Guide to lead you on to the desired object, your ideal, the

union with the one Reality in eternal bliss, which verily is without them hard to attain

But to seek them, you have not to renounce Action with the world, nor to changed leave off all action, attitude not to cut off all connection with it, for you cannot do it: it is simply impossible as long as you are in it On the contrary, you have to work harder and more vigorously than ever before but with your angle of vision changed, your

view of life widened, your attitude altered. You have to renounce not physical action but all attachment, all selfishness from your mind and have to work and sacrifice to help evolution onwards as God's messenger on Earth

Discourse 18th, verses 11 5 and 9

"Not indeed can embodied beings completely relinquish action, verily he who relinquisheth the fruit of action, he is said to be a relinquisher"

"Acts of sacrifics, gift and austerity should not be relinquished, but should

be performed, sacrifice, gift and also austerity are the purifiers, of the intelligent

"He how performeth a prescribed action, saying, "It ought to be done" O Arjuna, relinquishing attachment and also fruit, that relinquishment is regarded as pure"

Be in the world but be not or it, therefore.

Be like lotus leaf unaffected though immersed in water

Discourse 5th, Verse 10.

'He who acteth, placing all actions in the Eternal, abandoning attachment,

"Verily there is no purifier in this world like wisdom, he that is perfected in Yoga finds in it the self in due season"

"The man who is full of faith obtaineth wisdom, and he also who hath mastery over his senses, and, having obtained wisdom, he goeth swiftly to the supreme Peace."

Thus prepared and purified, if you dedicate your individual self to the universal, the All, the Absolute, the Perfect, which you worship and try to imitate and which you really are, if you but forget your little self,

then losing self you cannot but find the Self. You will have no more to seek the path of the guide, nay the path will itself open out before your wondering gaze and the guide will himself seek you out, take you in hand and guide you unimplored

But, remember! It is your own making what The World you are and it is a stage your own choice and longing that you are here on the World's big stage of evolving Life.

None else can undo what you yourself have chosen to do. none else date interfere in the perfect freedom of your self supreme You may enjoy, you may suffer, you may play your part in the eternal drama of evolution as long as you may wish, for there is no other to compel If however, you wish to realize vourself, to know your own true nature, then you have nothing more to do but to unmask vourself, to unveil the veil you have yourself put on,

You may do it at this very moment or take ages to accomplish it, if so you choose. The more earnest and intense you are in your activity, the quicker will be your success, the sooner you will have accomplished what you desire

But if you wish to continue the part you have taken on the world stage, then play it well and heartily, play it like a master in the art with full command and consciousness of what you act, and enjoy it thoroughly well be, it the part of pleasure and luxury or of sorrow and misery, of fortune or of misfortune.

Discourse 2nd, verse 56

For, "He whose mind is free from anxiety amid pains, indifferent amid pleasures, loosed from passion, fear and anger is called a tage of stable mind"

Forget not your true self, the Master of the stage, although wearing the mask of name and form for the time Recognize your Royal Self under your own and other's masks and then

indeed you would enjoy the true bliss even now and here.

Discourse 6th, verses 30, and 31

'He who seeth Me energwhere, and seeth everything in Me, of him will I never lose hold and he shall never lose hold of Me"

"He who established in unity worshippeth Me, abiding in all beings, that Yogi liveth in Me, whatever his mode of living"

Hence recognize the unity of •

Unity of Life Divine in the diversity of 'Maya', wersity of forms.

Find Hun in the lustre of the gold, in the bulliance of the diamond, in the fragrance of the rose, in the sweetness of the date, in the cooing of the dove, in the loaring of the hon, in the innocence of the child, in the wisdom of the wise . seek Him in every throbbing heart, in every growing plant, in every living cell, nay, in every vibiating atom for who else can there be found anywhere but Ilim, who pervades and who sustains all.

Discourse 15th, cerse 12, and Discourse 10th, verses 11, and 42

"That splendour issuing from the Sun that enlighteneth the whole world, that which is in the moon and in fire, that splendour know as from Me"

"Whatsocier is glorious, and good, beautiful, and mighty, understand thou that to go forth from a fragment of My splendur"

"But what is the knowledge of all these details to thee O Arjunal Hazing pervaded this whole universe with one fragment of Myself, I remain"

Go, worship at the feet of Nature, learn lessons

Worship from the snowy
peaks, the running
brooks, the blazing

fires, the rustling winds, the ethereal skies, take courage from the five elements to remain calm and serene, pure and active, burning away desires singing His songs and aspiring Heavenwards. Be like the mighty, the rigid, the sacred Himalayas in the might and strength of your resolve and determination, in the rigidity

and fixity of your principle and purpose, in the sacredness and sublimity of vour ambitions and ideals, Ascend higher and higher the spiritual heights until you reach them very summit, the fountum head of Divinity, whence flows the Ganges of freedom and of bliss, of wisdom and self-knowledge who washes away every trace of bondage and of misery of him whoever is lucky to take a bath in her holy waters,

Until you do this and unless you

The Paradox The Illusion have a keen eye of discrimination, you may survey the

whole infinitude of His manifested glory which breaks forth in dazzling rays of divine qualities, here, there, and everywhere, and still you may not discern the truth, may even be dazzled and blinded by its very splendour and remain hiding and groping in the darkness of misconception and ignorance of your own making. And vel

the fault is not of the Sun, it the bat never sees the magnificence of His glory You may see Him always and still never see Him The strange paradox t He is so very near, and yet so far off

Discourse 13th, verse 16

"Without and within all beings, immorable and also morable, by reason of His subtility imperceptible, at hand and far away is That"

Verily the veil of Maya is hard to pierce, a hard nut to crack.

Pracourse 7th, Verse 14

This divine illusion (Maya) of mine consect by the qualities is hard to

pierce, they who come to Me they cross over this illusion"

Would you go to Him! Would you fain closs this ocean of Maya! Then wait not, for the door is open to all alike, be one sinner or saint, black or white, shudia or Brahmana There is hope for all who take refuge with Him To none is denied the way who is sincere and makes efforts in the right direction

Discourse 9th, verse 32

'They who take refuge with Me, O Partha, though of the womb of sin,

women, Varshyas, even shudras, also tread the highest path"

Discourse 4th, Verse 36

"Lien if thou art the most sinful of all sinners, yet shalt thou cross over all sin by the raft of wisdom"

Discourse 5th, Verses 16, and 17

"Verily in whom unwisdom is destroyed by the wisdom of the self, in them Wisdom, shining as the sun, reveals the Supreme,"

"Thinking on That merged in That established in That, solely devoted to That, they go whence there is no return, their sins dispelled by wisdom."

passion and pride, every gale of misery and misfortune. Supply your captain with the compass of discrimination, having its magnetic needle of earnest devotion always pointing to the North. the goal of realization. And then launch your tiny boat in perfect FAITH OF THE ALMIGHTY blessed with the passport of discipleship gained by selfless work in His name Thus fitted your spiritual voyage cannot but be a success and will soon find you ashore and safe in the lovely embrace of your dear own Self.

Discourse 12th, verses 7 and 8

"These I speedily lift up from the ocean of death and existence, O Partha, their minds being fixed on Me"

"Place thy mind in Me, into Me let thy Reason enter, then without doubt thou shall abide in Me hereafter"

Not a dream is this but a stern reality and even if you call it a dream, it is a dream that can be materialized.

There have been men of faith, who have done it and you can do the same. Man can do what man has done. Work hard to

build the raft. Work, work incessantly to free yourself from the bondage of Maya, to cross over the great illusion

Fly not from the field of act-

Action, In action and Right Action non, for act you must. But act not with attachment, it is binding. Act

for the sake of sacrifice, without desiring

Discourse 3rd, verse 5

'Nor can any one, even for an instant, remain really actionless, for helplessly is every one driven to action by the qualities born of nature."

the wise act southout attachment, desuring the welfare of the world"

For, "The world is bound by action, unless performed for the sake of sacrifice, for that sake, free from attachment, O son of Kunti, perform thou action."

Unless an act is done self-lessly, it is always binding Even the highest good action will forge a chain of bondage, even though it be a golden one. It is only 'Nishkama Kaima' that will not forge new chains to bind, but on the contrary will

cut off all previous ones and set you free.

Discourse 2nd, verse 47

Thus, "Thy business is with the action only, never with its fruits, so let not the fruit of action by thy motive, nor be thou to inaction attached"

Hence, with heart and soul co-operating with the Divine Will, with the Law of Sacrifice and Unselfish Service, work for work's sake alone unattached to the fruit thereof. This is the moral of Right Action.

Now to look at the psychology

Psychology of action and desire of action, you are led, impelled, or rather goaded on by your forceful

desires, your interests, your tastes, and there are thousands of them burning, vying with each other, pressing hard and perhaps equally to claim your best attention, and seeking the very first opportunity for their fulfilment It is not unoften that you find yourself bewildered and confused, drawn to this

side or that, wavering, struggling hard under the pressure, indecisive, and, may be, giving nay to depression, dejection and darkness Your enemies. the desires muster under such overnowering numbers and endless lanks that you cannot for the time withstand then force and so lose heart. It is under such moments specially, that you should not fall a prey to your enemy but keep bright and cheerful and look for the Inner Light, the illumination of

the light of Sri Krishin's feachings. Bathe in it and gaining strength stand bravely the onslaught of your enemy

Discourse 6th, serse 6

'Let him ruise the self by the Self and not let the self become depressed, for verily is the Self the friend of the self and also the self the Self's one my"

Rise equal to the occasion and fight but fight not at random, for you may not succeed unless you fight properly and rightly and in accordance with the art of warfare. You cannot of

finally you do away with all desires save one of self-realization, gaining which nothing remains more to desire.

It is here specially, that all your strength of wisdom, knowledge and discretion, and force of character is urgently demanded to take the right path to your goal and abide by it strictly. You cannot but profit exceedingly by the sacred teachings of the Loid, if you only try to live them and regard them as your perfect guides.

Discourse 3rd, verses 39 to 43

"Enveloped is wisdom by this constant enemy of the wise in the form of desire, which is insatiable as a flame."

"The senses, the mind and the Reason are said to be its seats, by these enveloping wisdom, it bewilders the dweller in the body"

"Therefore, O best of the Bharatas, mastering first the senses, do thou slay this thing of sin, destructive of wisdom and knowledge"

"It is said that the senses are great, greater than the senses is the mind greater than the mind is the Reason, (Budhi) but what is greater than the Reason, is He,"

"Thus understanding Him as greater than the Reason, restraining the self by the self, slay thou O mighty armed, the enemy in the form of desire, difficult to overcome"

Discourse 2nd, verses 55, 70, and 17 to 19,

When a man abandeneth, O.Partha, all the desires of the heart, and is satisfied in the self by the self, then is he called stable in mind."

"He attaineth Peace, into whom all desires flow as rivers flow into the ocean, which'is filled with water, but remaineth unmound-not be who desireth desires."

"But the man who rejoiceth in the Self, with the Self is satisfied, and is

content in the self, for him verily there is nothing to do "

"For him there is no interest in things done in this world, nor any in things not done, nor doth any object of his depend on any long"

"Therefore, without attachment, constantly perform action which is duty, for, by performing action without at tachment, man verily reacheth the Supreme"

Divest your desires of the selfish element,

Psychology their grossness, and Duty and they will atonce be reduced to the pure gold of duty.

Hence, transmute desires into duties,

Perhaps, it would be better to note here carefully the difference at some length between desire and duty as factors in your evolution, a thorough understanding of which is very essential to a successful battling and conquest over them.

1 Desire is an inner impulse for an action in order to avoid pain and to gain pleasure by doing what appears fascinat-

ing and pleasant, but it is made blind by its transmission through the grosser nature of man, the lower passions and appetites of the body It, therefore, gropes after its object in the dark, regardless of the Laws of Nature, leads to mresponsible action, good or evil indiscriminately, resulting in either pleasure or pain, and hence ultimately it fails to achieve for you the real object of your sear ch

2 Dury also is a similar impluse for an action to be hap-

nature, draws you down to the round of births and deaths, torges for you bonds of attachment, and ensnaring you into hellish temptations makes you always uneasy, restless, and melancholy, impatient, hankering, and unhappy.

4. Dury shows experience, content and completeness, and tries to share its fulness by giving, partaking unselfishly, helping others to win what is true blessing and joy of life. It takes you on the Nivriti

- 5. Desire is negative, goes out in the wrong direction, seeking pleasure, revels in the pairs of opposites, learns by hurtful impacts and supplies to duty a store of raw material collected from its large variety of experiences
- 6. Duri is positive, takes to the right direction yearning to arrive at Truth, acts on the dictates of conscience and of wisdom, built from the raw material of experience, and finding its longed for object in the

end drinks deep at the nectar of Eternal Bliss.

It appears, therefore, that though Desire and Duty are at cons-Their Relations tant conflict with for retto the diametrically opposed in all outward form yet have they a real internal connection, nay truly two separate aspects of the same inner force of love for self-expression in joy trying to realize itself in outer maniiestation, and hence they can be

made to reconcile with each other when properly balanced and harmonised

Again, the conflict of Duty and Desire is one of Higher and Lower nature The one trying to uplift you with any amount of labour and sacrifice as it sees the glory of infinite bliss in front, the other tempting you to remain where you are to enjoy as long as possible the pleasures already won. The one looks with hope into the forming future, the other tries to enjoy the passing present.

The one awakens you to higher possibilities for which the lower must be sacrificed, the other fears the sacrifice and suspects a full in too rapid a progress And although one points to a brilliant future while the other 13 enamoured of a tangible piesent, yet are both right from their own point of view, for both have a purpose to fulfil, have something to teach and translate into the plane of action for your own ultimate good Evidently, they always go together and live

out and fulfil their functions side by side.

Desire, though it offers iesistance and temptations, arresting your progress for the time, shows out none the less clearly and distinctly your weaknesses and your faults, and gives you due time to strengthen your assailable points, to recoup your spent energy, and to grow strong by the very resistance you meet with Thus it enables you to move onwards, boldly and fearlessly into the field of action, gaining ground more rapidly as you proceed than otherwise possible.

Hence, desire and duty are both desirable, both are equally necessary and useful to give you the required impetus to action, and both serve you, in as much as, both keep you always pressing forward, pushing you onwards, bringing you nearer and nearer to your desired goal.

The larger the number of Desires lived out in the Forthgoing Path, the greater the variety of experiences gained, and hence, the richer the store of wisdom gathered and fuller and better the performance of Duty to accelerate your progress on the Return Path

To desire for things, therefore, is not at all
bad, nor to act in
obcdience to your
desires, but it is
the sort of desires

you entertain in a given stage of life that really matters. The same desires and duties, which are essential and helpful to your progress and befitting at a certain point of evolution, are obstructive and harmful to your progress, unbecoming, and undesirable at another point.

What is law and order, good and beneficial, noble and heavenly for one stage of life, is riot and confusion, evil and harmful, ignoble and hellish for another

Your desires and duties change with respect to time and place just as much as with regard to your fitness for a certain

position in evolution It is all desire in the beginning, desires and duties mixed in the middle, and all duty in the end

They keep constantly changing at every point of The constant your career as do change the other infinite things of the manifested universe all around you And you have to be extremely careful at every step to keep up with the change, desiring and doing that which exactly fits your conditions, your grade of evolution

Discourse 5th, verse 19

"Even here on earth everything is overcome by those whose mind remains balanced, the Eternal is incorruptible and balanced, therefore they are estab lished in the Eternal"

Keep the goal, the ideal ever
before you and let
The Double everything else fall
in a line with it
and arrange itself

accordingly,

Anything however unattractive that helps your cause righteously, that moves you onwards safely to the next grade in front, your duty, while that which hinders it, takes you backward or lets you still is against your duty

Apply this double test at each step and find out what exactly to under the party is.

Hold fast to your own duty, firm as a rock, while you resist the temptations of the various desires, and grow the stronger.

Discourse 16th, verses 45 and 17 For, "Man reacheth perfection by

For, "Man reacheth perfection by each being intent on his men duty"

"lietter is ones own duty though destribute of merits than the well exe cuted duty of another He who doeth duty laid down by his own nature incourreth not sin"

But no sooner you are able to

Orthodoxy and Liberality gain another step forward in evolution than give up atonce the former hold, or you will

not be able to move onwards. The lower duty fulfilling its purpose must be sacrificed to lingher, or else it will hold you back in the form of narrow ideas, superstition, prejudice, and intolerance, and will only

prove a cause of hinderance than of progress from more to more.

Be orthodox in the stage in which you are for the while, but give up your orthodoxy for the next stage just when you are fit for a transition which would otherwise be simply impossible to enter

Thus, alternating orthodoxy
and liberality in
The Final right order, enjoyroint ing your heart's
desires and performing pleasant duties but
sacrificing them which served

intense joy of self-realization and of self-expression of Truth, the eternal, the supreme, the absolute, in its infinite variety of manifestation.

Discourse 3rd, verse 17.

"But the man who rejoiceth in the Self with the Self is satisfied, and is content in the Self, for him verily there is nothing to do"

The way up and to taste the sthrough. perfect joy of unattached action, you have first to pass through

them, and to investigate and find out your exact place in evolution to begin with You have to mark out consciously what sort of desires most attract you, what duties you can perform most easily, and what desires and duties you can safely forego or wisely sacrifice to help you to rise higher in evolution

Perhaps, while yet a child,
you desired, you
Child and yearned for your
Manhood. own amusing playthings, your little
toys, your innocent sports as

eagerly and persistently as you now desire and long for a beautiful home, a decent earning, a respectful position, a game of slining out in life. You learnt your elementary lessons from what the uncaring age of childhood could teach you with its manifold attractions and irrespousible amusements As you grow older and pass into manhood, the very play things which once formed your heart's desire are now discarded, are disdained and given up as untimely and out of place and a new sense of responsibility, of duty takes hold on you You have now a family to maintain, your dependents to support and protect, and your ambitions, the ligher playthings, are now name, fame, wealth, and power

Just so are the child souls, the younger egos on the Pravnith Marga, the forthgoing path, seeking satisfaction in the many objects of senses, madly driven by the dark desires to to pursue that which is ever fleeting, being no more than a hunt after one's own shadow. And many are the lessons they learn by the sad struggles and knockings of a life of sin and sorrow.

But to the older souls, the more advanced, who have just reached the turning point in the path of evolution strike the questions—"Wherefore all this struggle and sorrow? Will it never end?" And the hunt for false and fleeting pleasure turns for them into a quest for true

happiness, for 'Shanti' the eternal peace and bliss.

For such seekers dawns the divine wisdom, which discloses at once the madness and folly of delying any longer in the delusory objects of the child soul's pleasure. They had their object. their part to play, but now their purpose done, they must be discarded and disdained as unworthy of the grown up soul and as mere hindrances and obstacles to the path in view.

If you hanker after Mammon, the Money God. atter Position and The Power, then know Initial Stage that you are yet npon the lower rungs of the spiritual ladder. that you are upon the Forthgoing Path (the Prayritti Marga) of which the REYNOTE is Strife and Struggle for the sake of the self, for you can see no further than your own material good. Your immediate goal is the building of personality and indilay your hands upon. It is your Initial, the School Stage of the world, where you learn to discriminate the Self from the Notself, the Real from the Unreal, and entering into matter conclude by a process of negative experimenting that what ever is Spirit, is not this! Not this!

It is only when the school has nothing more to teach you, nothing new to impart, when its objects cease to attract your heart and lose all their charm Are you in the School Stage? Then hate it not, abide its by laws, try hard to pass through each of its standards until you obtain the final passport to entitle you to the next Stage now rightly deserved to enter.

On the other hand, if you find your view of The life is otherwise, Transition your mental attitude is different; if apparently working amongst worldly men you feel a natural distaste and disgust of all their

mundane achievements, and if your heart's constant craving is for a knowledge of what is beyond, if you earnestly wish to peep at the Reality behind the panorama of the ever shifting scenes of the world, if you hanker after a vision of the Divine Architect and an understanding of His Great Plan, then know that you are certainly preparing for a big stride in the human evolution.

It is your Transition Stage; the delicate turning point of

which the KEYNOTE IS Wishing and Waveling along the spiritual ideal, for you are yet unsettled to frame your future

The portal of the Divine College stands before you wide open with all its higher possibilities and you have by your past endeavours qualified yourself and cained the right to enter it

Your immediate end in view is to find out whether you are really willing to make the necessary sacrifice for a life of hard

study, deep meditation and selfless work, and to decide and make up your mind accordingly.

The future prospect demands of you to dare, to risk, to win, and be silent. The right step for you is to keep the flame of your spiritual desire burning bright and steady, so that in the illumination of its light you can fully see your way to firm determination and give up your wavering attitude. Study carefully the biographies and actual lives of the great, the saintly people and take courage from their example.

Concentrate your mind on their achievements and settling the matter once for all, resolve upon your future work unshaken.

Listen not to the perverted reasonings of the worldly men who are yet far below your level and cannot see higher up than their own sphere of life

Come in contact with the older egos, the guides and teachers of our humanity and

have perfect faith in your ownspiritual Guru, by whose unbounded grace alone, if combind with your devotion sincere, you can safely pass through the trying transition and taste the sweetness of the Higher Life.

If, however, you find that you are feeling the The Final miseries of the Stage world keenly, the sufferings of humanity painfully and are consequently devoting yourself heartly to a sincere service of

mankind in token of the loving worship you offer to the Omnipresent, then rest assured that you have passed the Initial, or the School Stage, and the Transition already and are well ahead on the Return Path (the Nivritti Marga) of which the KEY NOTE is to Serve and Sacrifice for the sake of others, for only in the good of all can you find your real good.

It is your Final, the College Stage of the world, where, going through a course of higher discipline in spirituality, you can obtain the Master's degree, can rise a perfected being, a liberated soul, a realized self, a cosmos out of a chaos, in full possession of the Sat-Chit-Anand State, its Diploma

Your immediate goal is to merge your personality and individuality in the universality of life, to lose the smaller in order to find the larger Self

The natural law in force, within the holy precincts of the Divine College, demands of you to do nothing exclusively for

your personal or individualself but for the good of the humanity at large, for the sake of the one life permeating all.

Unity in diversity is what you are seeking about and discovering and whatsoever makes for peace and union is helpful on your path

The right step for you is to study the needs, the real wants of humanity in the Great Plan of Evolution, and sacrifice yourself as best you can to lessen the miseries and sorrows of the world.

Use your little mite to fight out the right cause and be a conscious factor for active good, just perhaps a tiny but useful revolving wheel in the great workshop of Nature which turns out high and evolved Souls worthy to know, adore and realize the infinite splendour and inconcervable glory of the Majesty of their Almighty Creator.

Understand well, therefore,

Find your the three Stages
Stage and of the Soul's progWork ress, make a start

from where you stand and see

from where you stand and see yourself a little ahead, a step gained every day. Tarry not, nor drift with the times in the common rut but chalk out your special course to follow and work full consciously to more along the line of your true evolution, Carry out your own principles and duties against all abstructions with an iron

will that wins and knows no defeat.

The dark clouds of doubt and a fast growing The Tests mist of evil may gather above and around you, the threatening thunder of common folk may drown your voice and deafen you, the whirlwind of public opinion may blow most furiously and laise up storms of dust of untrue charges laid against you, and to add, the rain and hailstones of calamities and misfortunes may over-

take and pelt you, nay all may appear to turn against you and may for the moment obstruct your view of the evershining Sun of Truth and obscure your way to rightful duty You may thus be overwhelmed with sorlow and feel helplessness, and your mind may all appear confused and well nigh breaking point under the great strain of the weighing tests,-for tests they are brought down by the very perseverance in your principles And you may like the

despondent Arjuna of yore give up and surrender your very arms of hope and fortitude with which you fight out the fury of rough weather

Discourse 1st verer 47

"Having thus spot en on the bat the field, Arjuna sank down on the seat of the chariot, casting away his bow and arrow, his mind overborne by grief"

And yet, if you have a perfect faith in Him and try to remember and seek His grace in the silence of the inner chamb-

ers of vour heart, you will not miss to hear the wondrous call of Sri Krishna a flute to Duty as of old, while tuned with the tone of its note you will surely forget all soriow, cast off for ever depression, and under its elevating and inspiring influence, filled with new energy and fresh courage von will feel connected with limitless supplies of help and power to meet any emergency, any demands in the battlefield of life.

Discourse 18th, verses 58 and 66.

"Thinking on Me, thou shalt overcome all obstacles by My grace, but in from egoism thou wilt not listen, thou shalt be destroyed utterly."

"Abundoning all duties come unto Me alone for shelter, sorrow not, I will liberate thee from all sins,"

The seeming sins incurred in the right discharge of your duty are no sins and you should not be soily for them, for liberty from them is vouchsafed to you if you are sincere.

and duties stir not an inch from them if you want a speedy success, its to carry them out under all cucumstances, no matter what they cost you, for you are sure to win in the end, as truth prevails at last. The greater the sacrifice in your cainest and sincere devotion, the quicker the gain of the reward of success.

Fear not sacrifice and pain, and hate not calamity and misfortune, for the former make you pure, and the latter make you wise, and purity and wisdom together take you nearer to your goal, Hence, welcome then calmly and cheerfully with a brave heart within and bright looks without Remember. God is nighest when the pangs are highest. Also mark well that every cloud has a silver hning. Be always hopeful that all may be helpful.

Discourse 2nd, verses 14 and 15

"The contacts of matter, O son of Kunti, giving cold and heat, pleasure and pain, they come and go, impermanent, endure them bravely, O Bharat."

"The man whom these terment not, O chief of men, balanced in pain and pleasure, steadfast, he is fitted for immortality"

Feel not miserable or unfortunate while pas-Be not sing through the depressed or elated tests of suffering and pain but be thankful to Him all the more that He has now a special watch over you to quicken your evolution Cast a criticizmg glance on those lower below who are suffering even more than you, take courage from them,

feel happier and be better satisfied

Be not puffed up or conceited if you are making a fortune, or rising in position, nor be elated at a prominent success, you may happen to gain Look up humbly to those higher above, who are even more fortunate and more successful than you, mark then example well and be more modest and meek.

Thus glancing on those above and those below realize your

own true position and be evenly balanced, harmonised, and well disciplined Go not to extremes, but try always to tread the true path of the golden mean in each and every thing you have an occasion to do.

Discourse 6th, verses 16, 17 and 18

"Verily yoga is not for him who eateth too much, nor who abstaineth to excess, nor who is too much addicted to sleep, nor even to wakefulness, O Arjuna"

"Yoga killeth out all pain for him who is regulated in cating and amuse-

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ment, regulated in performing actions, regulated in sleeping and waking"

"When his subdued thought is fixed on the Self, free from longing after all desirable things, then it is said "He is harmonised"

Hence carry yourself well

balanced under all
the vicissitudes of
foitune, knowing
that they are there only because
to serve you, that they stay merely so long as have a purpose
to fulfil, a work to accomplish.
They have perhaps, to remove

your defects, to strengthen your weaknesses, to purify, your conduct, in short, to build your character with virtues to make you fit for immortality.

They can not remain a moment longer when their end is achieved, when their work is done, for are they not temporary in their very nature. Hence make good use of them while they gladly stay with you. Be sure to use the temporary to gain the permanent, or the

temporary will overpower and keep away from you the permanent.

Learn selfcontrol and concentration, direct the powers of your mind against itself, rise above it to meditate on the Self and all else will follow.

Discourse 6th, verses 25 to 29

"Little by little let him gain tranquility by means of Reason [Budhi] controlled by steadiness, having made the mind abide in the Self, let him not think of anything" "As often as the wavering and universaly mind goeth forth, so often reining it in, let him bring it under the control of the Self,"

"Supreme joy is for this you whose mind is peaceful, whose pission nature is calined, who is sinless and of the nature of the Eternal"

"The yage who thus, ever harmomising the self, both put away sin, he easily enjoyeth the infinite bliss of contact with the Eternal."

"The self, harmonised by joga, seeth the Self abiding in all beings, all beings in the Self, every where he seeth the same,"

Thus, control of character through MEDITAThought TION 1s the KEY TO SUCCESS

The powers of thought are simply marvellous, both as constructive and destructive. Use the mesistible force of an intensely earnest, persevering, and fully determined concentrated mind, and there is nothing so haid that cannot be done, nothing so obstinate that cannot be undone You can make or unmake yourself just as you

please As you think and believe in, so you are

Descourse 17th, verse 3.

"The faith of each is shaped to his own nature, O Bharata. The man consists of his faith, that which his faith, is he is even that"

For, repeated thought creates desire, repeated desire gives opportunity and ends in action, repeated action turns into habit, repeated habit forms character, and good or evil character makes or mars your fortune, moulds your destiny, forms your very

self what you are in your evo-

Cherish evil thoughts all along and you will before long fall down into the depths of satinity and brutality, keep constantly meditating on divine thoughts and you will in no time find yourself lifted up into the heights of Divinity and God-head

Discourse 16th, verses 21 and 22.

"Triple is the gate of this hell, des tructive of the self - lust, wrath, and greed, therefore let man renounce these three"

"I man liberated from these three gates of darkness, O son of Kunti, accomplished his own welfare, and thus reacheth the highest goal"

Hence the need to keep the spiritual thought ever in the forefront of your mind, whatever else you do, to meditate constantly on Him, to do everything in His name, to consectate every action of your life with His blessing, to dedicate yourself wholly to Him.

Discourses 6th, 18th, 9th, 8th, verses 35, 57 27, and 8 respectively

"The blessed Lord said

Without doubt, O nighty armed, the mind is hard to curb and restless, but it may be curbed by constant practice and by dispassion"

- "Renouncing mentally all works in Me, intent on Me, resorting to the yoga of discrimination, have thy thought ever on Me"
- "Whatsoever thou doest, whatsoever thou eatest, whatsoever thou offerest; whatsoever thou givest, whatsoever thou doest of austeriby, O haunteya, do thou that as an offering unto Me"

"With the mind not wandering after aught else, harmonised by continual practice, constantly meditating, O Par that, one goeth to the spirit, supreme, divine"

Meditate internally and then practice externally Theory and what you have me-Practice ditated upon Find out exactly what and where you fail in during practice and meditate over it long and deep Theorise and bring the result into practice again with redonbled energy, and go on meditating and practising, over and over

again, as often as you fail until you succeed to obtain perfectly what you desire.

Meditation is nothing else
but a continued
Psychology dwelling in imagof
Meditation ination of your
concentrated mind
upon certain ideas you wish
effectively to deal with.

You may use it most profitably to make fruitful enquiries into any truths, or to impress your mind effectively with the truths found out, to determine your external behaviour, to serve you as the guiding factors of your outward life.

But you can meditate truly and with effect on that only which interests you the most and which absorbs your whole attention. It is the degree of value you attach to an object that engages your attention to an equal extent Your experience tells you what is the order of values you should attach to the objects of your desires.

Your contacts with the external world, your dealings with its manifold objects give to you a variety of experience. The contacts and dealings are either pleasurable or painful. The feelings of pleasure and pain make you think and discriminate. The discriminative mind, in due time and at a particular point of your path of evolution, finds out exactly what is truly pleasant, or really worth strivmg for.

It is at this happy and suspicious moment of your life, the critical, the deciding, the turning point that your mind recognizes the true worth of spirituality, realizes the full importance of higher life and attaches the greatest value to what is the one true object of your long continued search It is then that your ideal is dearest to you, that you begin to regard it as part and parcel of your life and as such cannot but keep it uppermost in your

mind, nearest your heart and above everything else, howsoever dear or precious to you

It is then only that you really feel an all absorbing interest in the careful investigation and earnest search after the Sup-1eme Truth and, if need be, can sacrafice your very life, your all for the sake of that which you now know for certain to be far, far above the most precious things the poor world is able to offer and which is, therefore, rightly prized by you above all.

Remember, it is only then that your mind can be made to concentrate fully, can remain calm and controlled as an unruffled lake and can meditate constantly on the unbroken reflection, on the full image of your dearest ideal in it, dearer than life itself. Nay, your mind can at this stage go further, it can now rise above mere reflection or image of the ideal. Tracing its very source and soaring higher and higher in its celestral flight in the contemplation of

the most sacred and the highest, it can be finally lost only to find itself entirely merged into the glories of the Bliss Supreme, which is beyond conception, beyond the reach of imagination, the limit of ideation, or the power of the poor mind to grasp.

Until then, however, cease not your humble cefforts to move efforts. onwards, to go on slowly forward in

the meanwhile, keeping ever towards the highest ideal. Feed and foster your mind with the one thought of your ideal and make it strong and wise to guide you aright in the teeth of all temptation and to prepare you, though gradually, for the great consummation in view. Retire into the privacy of your heart as often as you can and make use of the transmuting powers of Daily Meditation.

Take help of external nature, as far as possible, to make your concentration easy. Resort to sequestered places as often as you can,

go amidst the green bowers of forest plans, walk by the flowery beds of mountain sides, sit on the sandy banks of holy nivers, enjoy the pleasant sight of beautiful lakes, admire the foaming breakers of the roaiing sea, the snowy mantles of the hoary peaks, the silver streams and crystal cascades of lovely valleys. In short, meditaté where the Nature is rich, grand and exuberant in its beautifui scenery, pure atmosphere, wholesome water, genial

climate, and healthy magnetism, away from the crowded cities, the big busy haunts of the so called civilized people

Avail of the subtle influences and the charm of Nature to sooth and soften your heart, to bring your mind to rest, to tune you to the gentle vibrations of the serene surroundings and meditate to gain access to the blessings of "Shanti" the Peace Eternal

Discourse 6th, verses 10 to 15

"Let the yogi constantly engage himself in yoga, remaining in a secret place by himself, with thought and self subdued free from hope and greed"

"In a pure place, established on a fixed seat of his own, neither very much raised nor very low, made of cloth a black antelope skin, and kusha grass, one over the other"

"There, having made the mind one pointed, with thought and the functions of the senses subdued, steady on his seat, he should practise yoga for the purification of the self"

"Holding the body, head, and neck erect, immovably steady looking fixedly at the point of the nose, with unseeing gaze,"

"The self serene, fearless firm in the vois of the Brahmachari, the mind con trolled, thinking on Me, harmonised, let him sit aspiring after Me"

"The Yogi ever united with the self, with the mind controlled, goeth to Peace, to the Supreme Bliss that abideth in Me"

Thus amidst the magnetic and charmful surround
Contemplate, ings of Mother Criticize and Nature, with the Met mind at peace, in the early hours of the morning, regularly and

punctually, be it for five minutes even, contemplate for a fixed time daily on the Divine attributes and on the Virtues you wish to cultivate and develop Look at them from various points of view, criticize them, dwell on their side issues, magine yourself as in full possession of them and using them to the best advantage under such possible encumstances of actual life as demand their evercise in full—Be so saturated with their ideas, so absorbed in their contemplation as to become one with them. Let them form an integral part of yourself, of your inner nature, so as to move you to do the right and the good automatically just as the occasion for them arises

In the beginning of your practice, you may perhaps be simply reminded at the moment of action what your behaviour ought to be at the occasion but may be carried away 'all the same by the force of your old habits and the influence of your lower

anture and hence may not succeed in acting rightly upon the instant prompting. If so, leave not your practice all at once but persevere though failing again and again in your feeble attempts. And, be not disappoint ed in your continued failures to remove the evils firmly fixed in your lower nature by your own long usage of them in the past

Be sure that the end is yours and you will win, for every failure brings you nearer to success, and beware that de-

pression, dejection, or disappointment is just a useless waste of your energy at the time when you stand in need of it the most. Be always hopeful and cheerful, therefore, and apply yourself to your work ever with renewed vigour and energy, with greater zeal and fervour at every failure, until you do win over the cause for which you fight so hard and ceaselessly.

the right desires, and the points that count for success.

Watch unceasingly, and just before you wish to dwell on a thought, long to cherish a desire. nant to speak a word, or like to do an action, put the two searching questions to yourself. namely, (I) "Is the thought, desire, word, or action noble and unselfish, kind and helpful, true and useful ?" (II) " Does it fall in a line with the ideal in view.?"

If you don't get satisfactory answers to your questions, then better it is to give up the thought, desire, or action atonce, to cut short at the very root before it is too late, to mp the evil in the very bud before it has time to flower and flourish into sin and sorrow.

Let not your evil thought, develop into a wrong desire or a wrong desire find vent in wicked words or harmful action.

Discourse 2nd verses 62, 68 and 61.

Learn that, "Man, musing on the objects of scase, conceiveth an attachment to these, from attachment ariseth deare, from desire anger cometh forth"

"From anger proceedeth delusion, from delusion confused memery; from confused memory the destruction of Reason, from destruction of Reason he perishes."

"But the disciplined self, moving among sense objects with senses free from attraction and repulsion, mastered by the Self goeth to peace"

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But to master the self success-

The Right Way fully is to understand the right way to deal with

your desires and deficiencies. It would not do to fight with the evils and miong desires you wish to drive out of your muid, for in so doing you may simply succeed in strengthening them all the more, making them perhaps more persistent and stubborn to resist or push out.

Hence, to be crowned with success, ignore the wrong desires totally at the moment, be quite indifferent to the evils for the time, give no thought to them either offensive or defensive, whatever, so that they may in course of time, of themselves. pine and starve away simply for want of food to noursh them. On the other hand, visualize strongly their opposites and concentrate intensely on the good desires and virtues. Meditate deeply on the beneficial inleft to them than to drop away and perish. Hence, cultivate and cherish only the good and virtuous thoughts and desires, and let them grow and develop at the cost of those that are bad and evil

Let not your lower nature get the upper hand, let not the slave usurp your royal rights Assert, bold and strong, your supremacy over it and control it with a masterly hand Let the dominating mood of your musing mind be always full of the glory of your spiritual youl vhich shades out ever so bright on your mental horizon that you never lose sight of it for a moment even.

Encouraged thus and made strong, your Higher Nature will not only maintain it- own again-t the Lower but 19 sure to conquer it quickly in the cool, It will eliminate it of all its sedish elements, its narrouness and bigotry, and lifting it to its own level will soon transmita it into its own lighter nature,

family, or to your neighbour, to the poor and the suffering, or to anybody who needs your assistance, it does not matter much But make it a point, not to let a single day pass without one good deed at least, one little service humbly performed in the name of the Lord, to bring to your mind satisfaction and pure joy as you retue each night for the well earned rest.

Turn it into a habit and you will not fail to catch the greater opportunities of wider and

higher service just as they come in your way. Take care of the little acts of service, and the greater acts will take care ofthemselves Work on boldly amidst the most trying circumstances, stand the tests bravely, and fight out the temptations fearlessly, for you can safely rely on the all winning wisdom and dauntless courage born of your daily meditation and varied experience to serve you in good stead when the need arises

As thus you hasten your evo-

A strange contradiction. Intion by doing your mite of persistent good, you only pay off your Karme debt at a

more rapid rate. The harder you work, the more of your' Sanchit' or collected Karma of the past falls to your lot to be worked off more quickly, in order, of course, to let you get rid of the bad Karma of your past, to exhaust it as soon as possible. And the apparent result to which

it leads is that the harder you work to make your life more virtuous, pure, and truthful, the greater the suffering, pain, and musfortune in which you may be myolved.

Until, of course, the whole of your suffering in store has been spent on you to the smallest item and you are left free of the unwieldy burden to run fast your course of healthy and spiritual life unhindered and unobstructed, until then, no doubt, you may sow good

and reap evil to all external view. You will feel to your quick the strange contradiction, but such are the wily ways of occulism.

Mark well the step you take, for hides
The Danger. here one of the chief dangers that always beset the direct but steep path of the Royal Yoga You may be tempted to leave off your work just when you are nearing the end of one or other stage on the Path.

Be firm, therefore, and persevere : be always on your guard under the trials, and be not demoralised but think of whatsoever comes to your lot or happens, as none other than what is most fit for the occasion and for your ultimate good, as kind and merciful beyond measure, which your tray intellect is far from understanding. Accept it with ungrudging heart and feel bound in gratitude coming as it is from One to whom your real good is always

the care, to whom whole humanity is His dealest child.

Remember, the trials you meet with are very necessary to make you strong. They form the fire and furnace, already referred to, through which each and every soul must pass to burn away all dross of sin and sorrow, in order that it may come out pure, shining, and happy, worthy to stand before the Glorious Presence.

Again, it may so happen, that

Another Danger by your intense efforts for active good, by your conscious endeavours

for self control, by your, taking special care to build character. you may perhaps draw upon yourself the moral and spiritual torces with such a sudden rush and outpouring as to push up your viitues and vices to the very surface and show them so pronunently and clearly in your external actions as' never before

Your vices may be but making then last attempts to hold their own, to grip you for their life as strongly and fiercely as they can, and inspite of all your efforts and endeavours to the contrary, you may for the tune seem to be going backwards instead of forwards, sinking down rather than using up

You may thus be quite bewildered for the time at the unexpected turn of events and the change of your very nature, and perhaps seeing no apparent

good coming out of all your persistent efforts and finding yourself rather the worse for it. you may begin to feel disheartened and may actually come to the point of dropping out of the nath for good, if you do not take special care and be not wisely guided. Maik! Conceals here another danger on the spiritual path.

Know this not an occasion for disappointment or leaving off what you have almost accomplished, rather, learn to your satisfaction, feel sure and be

Imppy that these are the signs of your nearing success, that you are now at the final task of lilling out perhaps the last remmants of the evil linding in you. Hence, persevere as before, work harder yet, kindle the fire of your energy and real to burn away the dross that still remains and pairfy yourself inward and outward as best you can

Be Pure, motto Purity of Patient, and thought, word, and Wise. deed, purity of diet, dress, and surroundings Be like the burn-

ing fire, pure and purifying, illumined and illuminating.

Be not impatient but hold on your own and you are sure to succeed soon. Be also very careful and watchful, for the vices finding defeat may appear in subtler forms, perhaps in the garb of seeming virtue, and may try to seduce you, to make you fall from the position gained. Be wise and discriminate not to fall a victim into their wily snares. Be not led away by the apparent attractiveness of an idea but go

behind it, think before you act, judge before you decide, for the smallest item now matters much

Above all, bring harmony into vour life with equal armony of rest and work

Harmony of lest and work Follow the Law of Nature as manifest everywhere Just

as days and nights, the changing seasons, the life and death, the evolution and involution of the universe itself, all succeed each other and follow in due order giving Nature the required harmony of rest and work, so also

let your own work and rest be harmomous and equally poised, alternating at equal intervals, for equal periods, in equal amounts, so far as possible This is necessary from the economical point of view to gain thegreatest amount of work from a loss of the smallest amount of energy. Let there be no waste either way, in rest prolonged or work overdone

Work strenuously and hard to gain your object but take also sufficient rest to recoup your



the one hand, perhaps to end in a dead stop soon after, or to work so hard and at such a stress as to break your constitution and be useless in the end, or, on the other hand, to go so slowly, rest so long, and work so little as to be of practically no use either to yourself or to anybody else, proving yourself a mere burden on the shoulders of others Come out of the ranks of the helped, therefore, to work, and be one of the helpers, but do not over do yourself lest you. fall again into the pit you have risen from

Be not led away by Rajas (mobility) too fai, Rajas, Tamas nor be overcome by and Sattva Tamas (mer tra).but make use of both m Sativa, (harmony, 1 hythm or balance), alternating rest and work in due proportion according to your strength and energy and finally do 115e above them. Both Rayas and Tamas are useiul m their own particular way, only if they are guided by

Sattva on right lines, in order not to preponderate one over the other

It is only when one of the elements or qualities begins to dominate, to increase out of proportions that it becomes not only a source of bondage, a bar, an obstacle in the way of the desired freedom but also a cause of suffering, of pain, and of disease, for a conflict atonce ensues between the disturbed elements to regain their lost equilibrium for a healthy existence. Any of them overdone not only destroys all harmony, all balance but in its leaction injures both the does and the work he does. It is only in equilibrium that you find peace, health, and harmony, or 'Shanti' Hence, work and 1est, and work again to scale the ladder of evolution of which the steps are made of rest and work alternate And lose not your balance, nor jump too high, lest your fall might prove rumous to you.

The secret of success is to work without haste, without rest, ever carrying yourself stendily. harmonised and balanced, and self-controlled by Sattva in the thoroughly regulated and disciplined Path of Yoga, or Union with the Self, attaining which there is no straying forth, no moving aside by the greatest grief or joy.

Discourse Gih, verses 19 to 23

"As a lamp in a windless place flickereth not, to such is likened the Yogi, of subdued thought, absorbed in the Yoga of the self." 'That in which the mind finds rest, quicted by the practice of Yoga, that in which he, sceing the Self by the self, in the Self is satisfied,"

'That m which he findeth the supreme delight which the Reason can grasp be would the senses, wherem established he moveth not from the Reality,"

'Which, having obtained, he thinketh there is no greater gain beyond it, wherein established, he is not shaken even by heavy sorrow,"

"That should be known by the name of loga, this disconnection from the union with pain. This Yoqa must be clung to with a firm conviction and with underponding mind."

Again, as life is for work, so death is for rest, - 1est of physical Rest is also Work activity but perhaps intense work of mental activity, of mind freed from the cumbersome process of working through the dense physical brain in physical enviionments. For rest only means outer mactivity, mostly to give full play to the inner activity, (the source of all outer life), to let loose the spiritual energy, in order to make manifest what

is unmanifest, to reveal what is hidden, to make patent what is latent. The soul in its own subtle plane of thought works with a facility undreamt of here, it meditates on the experiences of the lives past and projects its plans into the lives future

As in the Microcosm, in the string of Human Lives, so in the Macrocosm, in the divisions of Divine Life, the once busy Manifested Universe involves itself into the absolute silence of the Hidden, the Unmanifested, only to reveal itself agam after a period of rest, which is perhaps full of profound meditation for the evolution of the Universe again in yet greater wonders and splendoms more sublime. The marvellous poicess of rest and nork is thus continued to infinity in the unfathomed depths of Eternity

Hence, work to strive, to know, to learn, to practice, to teach, but lest to meditate, to discil-

minate, to judge, to form plans and schemes, to accumulate energy for further achievements, for further work, for fuller and higher life in future

Again, rest seems pleasant and

Philosophy of Rest and Work and of Pleasure and Pain work sometimes painful but work is also a pleasure when the mind is calm and at rest, when there is

Shanti, while the rest itself turns into pain and monotony when the mind is restless and

disturbed, when there is Ashanti. interest as an offering unto Him. Hence both rest and work may be pleasant or painful according as the mind is calm and concentrated, or disturbed and deflected. The happiness, there fore, hes within not without. Not in the outer circumstances is in the pain or pleasure but it is in the attitude of mind you look at them

Just as, the real obstacles to your progress, the real miseries of your life are not so much made of what you experience in the outer world, but are really to be sought in the recesses of the inner world of your own construction, in the depths of your own mind, so also the real happiness, the true treasure of sweet 'Shanti' has deeply buried in your own consciousness.

Hence the need for right meditation, the chief Need for weapon in your meditation, hand to overcome all obstacles, to clear away all barriers, to dig out the hidden treasure of your inner consciousness, and to enjoy the eternal peace.

If, therefore, you want happiness, even here and now, wait not for final liberation, for the far off 'Nn vana,' but meditate and be free at once, take pleasure and pain equally, harmonise your soul in rest and work, keep the balance of mind in stable equilibrium, and work in Constant Bliss rising above the pairs of opposites, clossing over the threefold qualities, and entering



"For I am the abode of the Eternal, and of the indestructible neeter of immortality, of immemorial rightcourses, and of unending bliss,"

Be true to yourself and you will be the true servant of the Lord Be true to yourself keep open your mind unpregudiced and devoted, and the divine influence will flow through it; make the channel wider and deeper, and the spiritual bliss will pour into it and out to others more fully and unobstructed. happy and shed happiness all

around. Be good and do good. Be conscious of your own divinity and cyoke the divine in others Move about fearlessly, free and happy, radiating glory, wisdom, and bliss Be a Jivan Mukta, Saved in Life, while you are in the world, and you will be Videh Mukta, Liberated in Death, when you are out of it

It is only at such a stage that
you can truly renounce, or rather
renunciation the world renounces you, frees you
from its bondage, having no-

thing to give you more, nothing to show you new, nothing to attach you with, unless you yourself choose to benefit the world by your personal example and practical teachings

The wide world is your home, where ever you go, and is ready to serve you as a Slave at your slightest biddings for you are now its Master.

Discourse 5th, verse 6

"But without Yoga, O mighty arised, renunciation is hard to attain to, the Youa-harmonised Muni swiftly goeth to the Elernal"



you to use from the human to the divine, to his own plane of consciousness. If you only go a step forward towards him, in your innocence and sincerity of heart, he comes a hundred steps down, nay more, in his infinite love and unbounded compassion to welcome you, to receive you m his most loving embrace

No sooner than you do something ever so little, but definite, good, and helpful in His name, something which makes you sacrifice, a hitle of your own

interest as an offering unto Hun, He recognizes your humble effort and gives you a greater and better opportunity for unselfish service, availing which you may be so much the nearer unto Him If you note, the circumstanees seem to change of themselves, giving you a freer and wider scope for work and it rests with you to take the opportunity offered, to catch the time by the forelock and utilise it to the best advantage. or let these go by, pass by you unnoticed and uncared

Hence, watch for all opportunities, however small, for they come but once, and avail yourself of them as best you can; in short, watch and work.

Do you feel that your tiny
efforts for doing
The Lord's good, for reform
Promise. go for nought in
the mighty struggle
of the world, which is wallowing
in the mile of sin and sorrow?

Do you fear that your endeavours are infinitely small to resist the wave of strife and war, of struggle and unrest prevailing all over the world?

Do you feel helpless to think that your small bit of spiritual work will sink into nothing against the enormous opposing forces which are invading the world to-day? Then feel not shy or forlorn, take courage and work featlessly, for the support of the Almighty is behind you, as it is at the back of every righteous cause And also, if need be, has He not Himself promised to come down to remove Adharma and establish Dharma from age to age.?

Remember —

Discourse 4th, verses 7 & 8.

"Whenever there is decay of right-cousness, O Bharat and there is exaltation of unrightcousness, then I Myself come forth"

"For the protection of the good, for the destruction of evil doers, for the sake of firmly establishing righteousness, I am born from age to age,"

And never was an age, since the last condescension of the Lord in Mahabharat, so marked by unrighteousness, so universal in sm and suffering, so widely



volved to-day, and invoking the Lord to fulfil-His promise, to grace the world once more with. His August Presence and saveit as of yore from the great abyss of sin and sorrow to the very verge of which the world has now driven itself, a task tiemendous, which none else dare perform but the Lord Himself, the Creator and Preserver of all. Join, therefore, your own voice, though feeble it be, to the unr versal prayer, try to augment the peace and comfort of the world

in your own wee little way and the Lord recognizing the very weekness of your individual efforts will pour forth a part of His own strength into you, may, He will not be long to relieve the sufferings of the world at this critical juncture, as of old, by the might and splendour of His Personal Presence amidst you.

If you want the privilege to
work with Him
The great when He comes, to
privilege belong to the
chosen few, His
sacred band of workers, to be

among His apostles, then begin to work for Him NOW and atonce, to live, to live a life of utter dedication unto Him, to sing out the song of your earthly existence in perfect unison with the wondrous music of His flute, the practical Gita Take His shelter, worship Him alone, and your salvation is guaranteed.

Discourse 9th, verse 22.

"To those men who worship Me alone thinking of no other, to those ever harmonious, I bring full security"

You are thrice blessed to be living in an age full of amazing changes, which auger and foretell the return of the Lord in the immediate future Listen with rapt attention to the Divine Music, and sing, and play, and work Let every work be a pleasure, made holy in the service of Sri Krishna, and every moment consecrated in devotion to His loving memory.

See Him every where! Sing, Aum! Harr!! Aum!!!

Sing, fair and well!

And you will not find it amiss.

Discourse 8th, verses 13 to 15

"Aum! the one syllabled Eternal, reciting, thinking upon Me, he who goeth forth, abandoning the body, he goeth on the Highest path"

"He who constantly thinketh upon Me, not thinking ever of another, of him I am easily reached, O Partha, of this ever harmonised Yogi,"

"Having come to Me, these Mahatmas come not again to birth, the place of pain, non-eternal, they have gone to the highest bliss"

Aun!

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